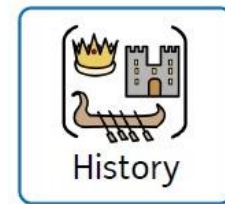




# Year 5

## What was life like in Tudor England?



Prior learning: British history 3: How hard was it to invade and settle in Britain?

What we are learning					
Lesson 1: To interpret the character of Henry VIII using portraits and written sources.	Lesson 2: To explore why Henry VIII had many wives using secondary sources.	Lesson 3: To make deductions about power and punishment using a range of sources.	Lesson 4: To explore the use of propaganda by a Tudor monarch.	Lesson 5: To make deductions about people in Tudor England using inventories.	Lesson 6: To create an inventory for a person from the Tudor times.

Key vocabulary		
bias	When someone prefers one thing, idea, or person over another in a way that is unfair or inaccurate.	
democracy	A government elected by the citizens.	
enslaved	Enslaved people have to work for the owners, doing whatever the owners ask them to do.	
heir	The person who will inherit the throne when the king or queen dies.	
merchant	A person who buys items to sell them and make money.	
parliament	Comprising the House of Commons, the House of Lords and the monarchy, the Parliament passes laws and checks the work of the Government.	
sovereign	A supreme ruler, especially a monarch.	
state	A country or its government.	
tyrant	Someone who uses their power over others cruelly and harshly.	

### Henry VIII

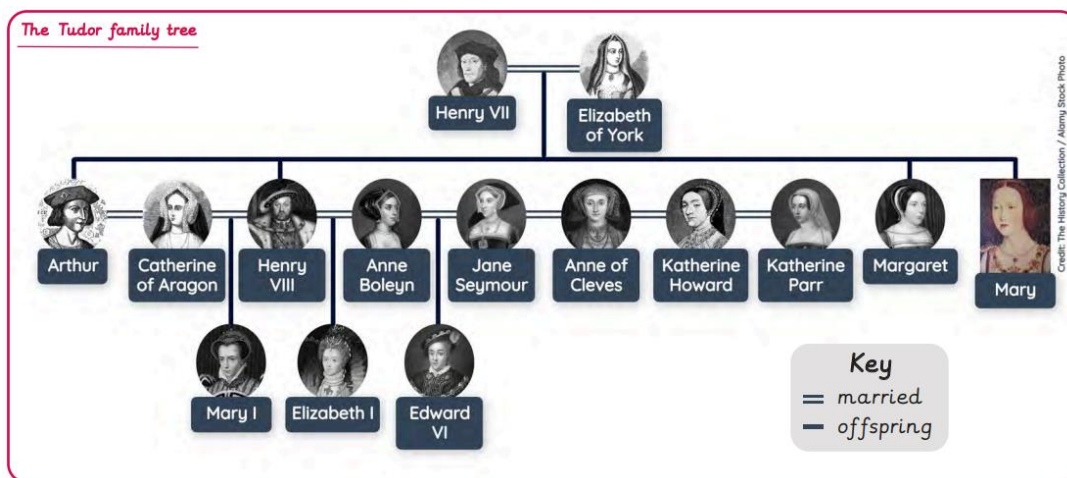
Henry VIII was the king of England from 1509 to 1547. He married six times to get a male heir. He used portraits of himself to portray himself as a powerful king.

### Hans Holbein the Younger

A German painter and printmaker who lived at Henry VIII's court for periods of time. His portraits are some of the most famous of Henry VIII.

### Elizabeth I

The daughter of Henry VIII and Anne Boleyn who was queen of England from 1558 to 1603. She used portraits, royal progresses and coins as propaganda to show her power and authority as queen.



Credit: The History Collection / Alamy Stock Photo