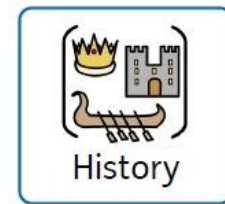




What did the Ancient Egyptians achieve and how do we know?



Prior learning: Stone Age, Iron Age and Bronze Age

What we are learning					
Lesson 1: To describe the main changes in a period of history. To use knowledge to create a timeline, focusing on main events.	Lesson 2: Use various sources of information to form a hypothesis about Ancient Egypt. To use original ways to present ideas.	Lesson 3: To describe the archaeologist's Howard Carter journey and discovery in Egypt. To debate the ethics of taking treasures from another country.	Lesson 4: To learn about religion in Ancient Egypt and their Gods and Goddesses, creating your own god or goddess. To justify the purpose of your made up god.	Lesson 5: To understand and justify the process of mummification and its role in Ancient Egypt.	Lesson 6: To understand and analyse what hieroglyphics was and how it was used.

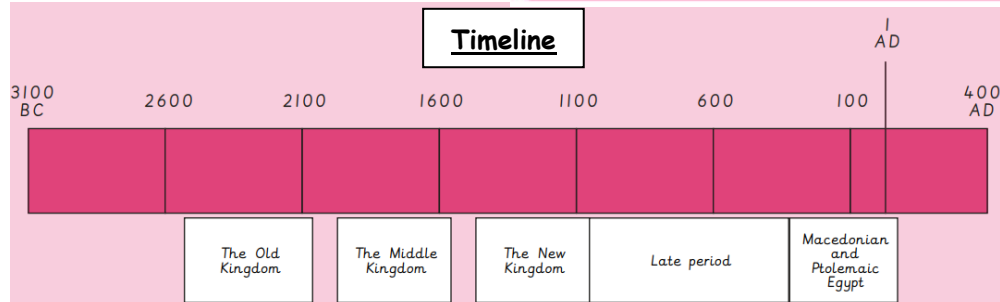
Key vocabulary		
civilisation	A large group of people with a common language, way of life and governance.	
Egypt	The country on the continent of Africa where the ancient Egyptian civilisation was created.	
hieroglyphics	A system of writing that consists of pictures and symbols (hieroglyphs) instead of letters.	
historically significant	A person or event that deserves attention.	
River Nile	A river that runs through Egypt. It was essential to life in ancient Egypt.	
pharaoh	A ruler of ancient Egypt.	
pyramid	Named after its shape, a large stone tomb built for a pharaoh.	
tomb	A sealed room where a person was placed after death.	
sarcophagus	A large stone box that held a mummy's coffin. Often richly decorated for Pharaohs.	

Gods and goddesses

The ancient Egyptians worshipped over 1,500 gods and goddesses, responsible for all aspects of daily Egyptian life. For example, Thoth was the god of writing. Temples were built for the gods, and festivals were dedicated in their honour.

The afterlife

The Egyptians believed that after a person died, they travelled to the afterlife - a kind of paradise or heaven in which people became immortal. The journey to the afterlife was full of challenges, and at its end, the god Osiris decided whether a person would go to the afterlife or the underworld.



Weighing of the heart ceremony

The ancient Egyptians thought the heart recorded all the good and bad things a person did. If the heart weighed the same as the Feather of Ma'at, the person went to the afterlife.